

Solar Energy South Africa

British Indian Ocean Territory seven generations energy ltd



Overview

The British Indian Ocean Territory (BIOT) is an Overseas Territory of the United Kingdom situated in the Indian Ocean, halfway between Tanzania and Indonesia. The territory comprises the seven atolls of the Chagos Archipelago with over 1,000 individual islands, many very small, amounting to a total land area of 60 square kilometres (23 square miles). The largest and most south. The British Indian Ocean Territory (BIOT) is an Overseas Territory of the United Kingdom situated in the Indian Ocean, halfway between Tanzania and Indonesia. The territory comprises the seven atolls of the Chagos Archipelago with over 1,000 individual islands, many very small, amounting to a total land area of 60 square kilometres (23 square miles). The largest and most southerly island is Diego Garcia, 27 square kilometres (10 square miles), the site of a Joint Military Facility of the United Kingdom and the United States. Official administration is remote from London, though the local capital is often regarded as being on Diego Garcia. The only inhabitants are British and United States military personnel, and associated contractors, who collectively number around 3,000 (2018 figures). The forced removal of Chagossians from the Chagos Archipelago occurred between 1968 and 1973. The Chagossians, then numbering about 2,000 people, were expelled by the British government to Mauritius and Seychelles, even from the outlying islands far away from the military base on Diego Garcia. Today, the Chagossians are still trying to return, but the British government has repeatedly denied them the right of return despite calls from numerous human rights organisations to let them. The islands are off-limits to Chagossians, tourists, and the media. Since the 1980s, the Government of Mauritius sought to gain control over the Chagos Archipelago, which was separated from the then Crown Colony of Mauritius by the UK in 1.

knew of the Chagos Islands, which were known as Fōlhavahi in the northern Maldives, and Hollhavai in the southern Maldives. Hollhavai also referred to other islands scattered throughout the Indian Ocean, such as the Seychelles. According to Southern Maldivian oral tradition, traders and fishermen were occasionally lost at sea and got stranded on o. knew of the Chagos Islands, which were known as Fōlhavahi in the northern Maldives, and Hollhavai in the southern Maldives. Hollhavai also referred to other islands scattered throughout the Indian Ocean, such as the Seychelles. According to Southern Maldivian oral tradition, traders and fishermen were occasionally lost at sea and got stranded on one of the islands of the Chagos. Eventually they were rescued and brought back home. The of the islands may have inspired Maldivian folklore about giant hermit crabs. These islands were judged to be

too far away from the seat of the to be settled permanently by them. Thus, for many centuries the Chagos were ignored by their northern neighbours. Early settlementThe islands of were charted by in the early 16th century, and then claimed in the 18th century by France as a possession of Mauritius. They were first settled in the 18th century by African slaves and Indian contractors brought by Franco-Mauritians to found coconut plantations. At some point Diego Garcia hosted a for patients from Mauritius, who were treated with turtle oil. In 1810, Mauritius was captured by the United Kingdom, and France subsequently ceded the territory in the in 1814. The United Kingdom , although those on what would become the BIOT continued work as . In 1883 the plantations were bought by the Société Huilière de Diego et Peros. As of 1900 there were 426 families on the islands, 60 percent descended fro.

As a territory of the United Kingdom, the head of state is . There is no Governor appointed to represent the King in the territory, as there are no permanent inhabitants (as is also the case in and the). The territory is one of eight dependencies in the Indian Ocean, alongside the As a territory of the United Kingdom, the head of state is . There is no Governor appointed to represent the King in the territory, as there are no permanent inhabitants (as is also the case in and the). The territory is one of eight dependencies in the Indian Ocean, alongside the , , the , and , all Australian possessions; the , with the and its dependencies of and the ; along with French and . The head of government is the , most recently Paul Candler until August 2024; the Deputy Commissioner is Nishi Dholakia, and the Administrator is Emily Ager, and all senior officials reside in the United Kingdom. The Commissioner's Representative in the territory is the officer commanding the detachment of British forces. The laws of the territory are based on the constitution, currently set out in the British Indian Ocean Territory (Constitution) Order 2004, which gives the Commissioner power to make laws for the of the territory. If the Commissioner has not made a law on a particular topic the.

1002 (NP 1002) is directly present in the territory, and is composed of both and personnel. NP 1002 is responsible for civil administration and enforcement. Its members are tasked with policing and carrying out customs duties. Royal Marines in the territory also reportedly form a security detachment. 1002 (NP 1002) is directly present in the territory, and is composed of both and personnel. NP 1002 is responsible for civil administration and enforcement. Its members are tasked with policing and carrying out customs duties. Royal Marines in the territory also reportedly form a security detachment. Prior to 2017, the BIOT patrol vessel, MV Pacific Marlin, was based in . It was operated by the Offshore Group. The Pacific Marlin patrolled the marine reserve all year, and since the marine reserve was designated in April 2010, the number of apprehensions of illegal vessels within

the area has increased. The ship was built in 1978 as an ocean-going . It is 57.7 metres (189 feet 4 inches) long, with a of 3.8 metres (12 feet 6 inches), and of 1,200 tons. It has a maximum speed of 12.5 (23.2 ; 14.4) with an economic speed of 11 knots (20 kilometres per hour; 13 miles per hour), permitting a range of about 18,000 nautical miles (33,000 kilometres; 21,000 miles) and fuel endurance of 68 days. It was the oldest vessel in the Swire fleet. Pacific Marlin reportedly spent about 54% of her taskings on fishery patrol duties, and a further 19% on military patrol duties. In 2016, a new contract was signed with -based North Star Shipping for the use of the vessel MV Grampian Frontier (also known as the Grampian Endurance). She is a 70 metres (230 feet) vessel carrying up to 24 personnel, and fulfils both the patrol and research role. The vessel reportedly operates in conjunction with personnel from NP 1002 on both fisheries and military e.

The territory is an archipelago of 58 islands covering 56 square kilometres (22 sq mi). The largest island is , which at 32.5 square kilometres (12.5 sq mi) accounts for about half of the territory's total land area. The rest of the island's are much smaller, with the second largest being just over 3.1 square kilometres (1.2 sq mi). The terrain is flat and low, with an average e. The territory is an archipelago of 58 islands covering 56 square kilometres (22 sq mi). The largest island is , which at 32.5 square kilometres (12.5 sq mi) accounts for about half of the territory's total land area. The rest of the island's are much smaller, with the second largest being just over 3.1 square kilometres (1.2 sq mi). The terrain is flat and low, with an average elevation of 1.33 metres (4.4 ft) above sea level. In 2010, 545,000 square kilometres (210,000 square miles) of ocean around the islands was declared a marine reserve. The defines the territory as comprising the following islands or groups of islands: • • • • • • • • .

The British Indian Ocean Territory (Constitution) Order 2004 states that "no person has the right of abode" in the territory as it "was constituted and is set aside to be available for the defence purposes of the and the ", and accordingly, "no person is entitled to enter or be present in the T. The British Indian Ocean Territory (Constitution) Order 2004 states that "no person has the right of abode" in the territory as it "was constituted and is set aside to be available for the defence purposes of the and the ", and accordingly, "no person is entitled to enter or be present in the Territory except as authorised" by its laws. As there is no permanent population, or census, information on the demographics of the territory is limited; the size of the population is related to its offensive requirements. , with a land area of 27 square kilometres (10 square miles), is the only inhabited island in the territory, and therefore has an estimated average population density of around 110 persons per km . Diego Garcia's population is normally limited to official visitors and military-

essential personnel only, and family members are not authorised to travel to Diego Garcia (the island therefore has no schools). Personnel may not travel to the island for leave, but they may transit through Diego Garcia to connect with follow-on flights. The population in 1995 was estimated to be approximately 3,300; i.e. 1,700 UK and US military personnel and 1,500 civilian contractors. The total population was reportedly 4,000 persons in 2006, of whom 2,200 were US military personnel or contractors, 1,400 were contract staff, 300 were Mauritian contract staff, and 100 were members of the . The population had decreased to around 3,000 persons in 2018. indicate that island's population is comparable to that of the Falkland Islands. The remainder of the archipelago is ordinarily uninhabited.

All economic activity is concentrated on , where are located. Construction projects and the operation of various services needed to support the military installations are carried out by military, and contract employees from Britain, Mauritius, the , and the United States. There are no industrial or agricultural activities. All economic activity is concentrated on , where are located. Construction projects and the operation of various services needed to support the military installations are carried out by military, and contract employees from Britain, Mauritius, the , and the United States. There are no industrial or agricultural activities on the islands. Until the creation of the marine sanctuary, the licensing of provided an annual income of about 1 million for the territory. ServicesThe section provides several facilities on Diego Garcia, including a library, outdoor cinema, shops, and sports centres, with prices in . The provides outbound postal services, and postage stamps have been issued for the territory since 17 January 1968. As the territory was originally part of Mauritius and the Seychelles, these stamps were denominated in until 1992, after which were issued in denominations of , the territory's official currency. Basic medical services are provided, with the option of where required, and the territory has no schools. Telecommunications.

The , started by the descendants of exiled Chagossians, has represented the islands in , including the .

What is Seven Generations Energy?

Seven Generations Energy Ltd. is an independent petroleum company focused on the acquisition, development and value optimization of high quality tight and shale hydrocarbon resource plays.

Where is seven generations headquartered?

Seven Generations' corporate headquarters are in Calgary and its shares trade on the TSX under the symbol VII. Seven Generations is developing the Kakwa River Project, a large-scale, liquids-rich Montney natural gas property, covering more than 500,000 net acres.

What is the British Indian Ocean territory (Constitution) Order 2004?

The British Indian Ocean Territory (Constitution) Order 2004 defines the territory as comprising the following islands or groups of islands: These islands and associated coral reefs lie between 4°44 and 7°41 south and 70°47 and 72°47 east.

How many islands are in the British Indian Ocean territory?

Map of the British Indian Ocean Territory since 1976. The territory is an archipelago of 58 islands covering 56 square kilometres (22 sq mi). The largest island is Diego Garcia, which at 32.5 square kilometres (12.5 sq mi) accounts for about half of the territory's total land area.

Where can I find a travel guide for British Indian Ocean territory?

Wikivoyage has a travel guide for British Indian Ocean Territory. Christian Nauvel, "A Return from Exile in Sight?

The Chagossians and their Struggle" (2006) 5 Northwestern Journal of International Human Rights 96-126 Archived 2 March 2011 at the Wayback Machine (retrieved 9 May 2011).

What certifications does seven generations have?

Seven Generations has met the requirements for certification of the Kakwa River Project to the EO100™ Standard for Responsible Energy Development (2017) and the EO100™ Standard Addendum for Shale Oil and Gas Operations (2015). Corporate Governance, Transparency & Ethics Human Rights, Social Impact & Community Development

British Indian Ocean Territory seven generations energy ltd

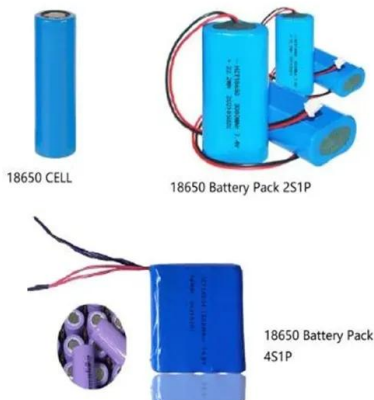
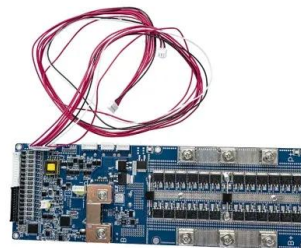


British Indian Ocean Territory facts for kids

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The British Indian Ocean Territory: International legal blackhole?

Northern Ireland as part of the British Indian Ocean Territories and is not part of the 'territory' of the Zone as defined in the Treaty; therefore, neither the Treaty nor its Protocols



The British Indian Ocean Territory: International legal black hole?

One of those novel geographical and geopolitical constructs is the British Indian Ocean Territory (BIOT) in the Chagos Archipelago, 'excised' in 1965 from the former British crown colony of Mauritius just prior to its independence, [1] for the specific purpose of hosting a projected joint UK-US military base on the principal island of Diego

British Indian Ocean Territory

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Application scenarios of energy storage battery products



Shares in both Arc Resources and Seven Generations jump on ...

CALGARY - Investors applauded with higher stock prices for both Arc Resources Ltd. and Seven Generations Energy Ltd. on Thursday following the announcement of an oilpatch marriage one analyst

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British Indian Ocean Territory: Negotiations

On Thursday 3 October, my right honourable and learned friend the Prime Minister and Mauritian Prime Minister Jugnauth made an historic announcement: after two years of negotiations and decades of disagreement, the United Kingdom and Mauritius have reached a political agreement on the future of the British Indian Ocean Territory. The treaty is neither ...



Deals this week: Seven Generations Energy, U.S. Energy, EnAqua

Seven Generations Energy Ltd. (7G) has signed a pact with Paramount Resources Ltd. to acquire the latter's oil and gas assets located within the Musreau / Kakwa area in the Deep Basin, Alberta, Canada. The \$1,468m transaction will be funded through a combination of cash and equity.

BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY

BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY THE APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2021 ORDINANCE No. 3 OF 2021 An ordinance to make provision for the expenditure of public funds between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022. Enacted by the Commissioner for the British Indian Ocean Territory. 19 October 2021 [SIGNED ON THE ORIGINAL] Paul Candler Commissioner



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[British Indian Ocean Territory History](#)

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Court Hearing on Friday 17 May 2024 , British Indian Ocean Territory

Court Hearing on Friday 17 May 2024. Published: 10 May, 2024 TAKE NOTICE that, at 10am UK time on Friday 17 May 2024, the British Indian Ocean Territory Court of Appeal will hear, in open court, an application for special leave/permission to appeal, with appeal to follow if granted, in the matter of The Commissioner v The King (on the application of VT & Ors) [2024] BIOT CA (Civ) 1.

Arc/Seven Generations merger vote today would create 6th ...

A pumpjack is silhouetted against the setting sun

in Oklahoma City, March 22, 2012. No surprises are expected today as shareholders in ARC Resources Ltd. and Seven Generations Energy Ltd. vote



[Seabreeze Village Map](#)

Location: British Indian Ocean Territory, South Asia, Asia; View on OpenStreetMap; Latitude-7.28821° or 7° 17' 18" south. Longitude. 72.3814° or 72° 22' 53" east. Open Location Code. 6J4JP96J+PH. OpenStreetMap ID. node 726790492. OpenStreetMap Feature. place=village.

Marine Protected Area , British Indian Ocean Territory

The British Indian Ocean Territory has some of the most biodiverse waters on the planet with over 220 species coral, 855 species of fish and 355 species of molluscs. To ensure the future protection of this unique environment the BIOT Commissioner declared a 640,000 km² 'no-take' (where all commercial fishing and extractive activities are



[Seven Seas Group](#)

Over four decades, Seven Seas has strived to be a trusted partner to our customers. Founded in 1971, Seven Seas operates in 18 countries throughout Asia Pacific, Middle East and Africa, Europe and the Americas, with a global network of 1000 professionals focused on delivering exceptional customer service that "Keeps you

sailing".



British Indian Ocean Territory: Negotiations

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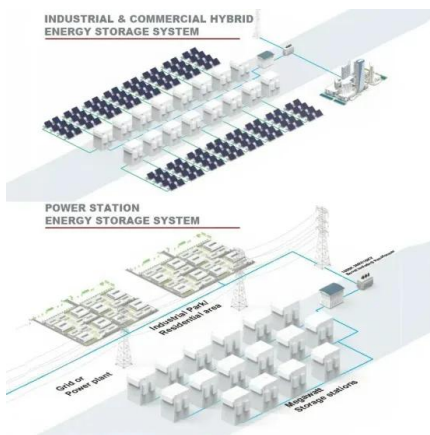
[British Indian Ocean Territory \(BIOT\)](#)

British Indian Ocean Territory (BIOT) Overview:
 The British Indian Ocean Territory (BIOT) is an overseas dependent territory of the United Kingdom that was established in 1965. The BIOT is comprised of six main island groups called the Chagos Archipelago. The largest and most southerly of the islands, Diego Garcia, is now used as a joint

Seven Generations Energy Ltd. SDG Information

Sustainability information about Seven Generations Energy Ltd. from Sustainable Platform. Sustainable Platform is the worlds best

and only independent ESG and SDG Data provider. Recognised by the UN as a great resource.



[Seven Generations Energy Ltd \(VII\)](#)

Seven Generations Energy Ltd (VII) - Strategy, SWOT and Corporate Finance Report, is a source of comprehensive company data and information. The report covers the company's structure, operation, SWOT analysis, product and service offerings and corporate actions, providing a 360° view of the company Key Highlights Seven Generations Energy Ltd (7G) is an independent oil ...

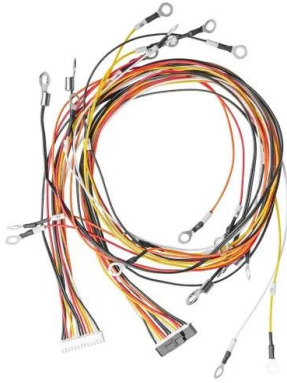
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A First Nation's geothermal project shows how fossil fuels

A First Nation's geothermal project shows how fossil fuels can power the next seven generations Elders and community members always knew something was bubbling under their feet on this remote B



[Seven Generations Energy Ltd. Stock \(VII\)](#)

Seven Generations Energy Ltd. is a Canada-based energy producer. The Company focuses on exploration, development and production of oil and natural gas properties in western Canada. The Company produces condensate and liquids-rich natural gas primarily from the Montney formation in the Company's Kakwa River Project. The Kakwa River Project is



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<https://ian-solar.co.za>